

Hazard Mitigation Capability Assessment

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Pre Disaster Mitigation Program	This program helps states and communities implement long-term hazard mitigation measures. The program's objectives are to prevent or reduce the loss of life and property from natural hazards, to implement state or local hazard mitigation plans.	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.3; 5.1.4; 5.1.5; 14.1.2; 14.1.4; 14.1.5; 14.1.6; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 2.1.1; 2.1.2; 2.1.3; 2.1.4; 2.1.5; 12.1.3; 12.1.5; 12.1.1; 8.1.4; 19.1.1; 19.1.2; 19.1.3; 19.1.4; 19.1.5; 11.1.1; 11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 17.1.1; 17.1.4; 7.1.1; 7.1.2; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 10.1.4; 12.1.2; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 14.1.4; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 15.1.3; 3.1.1; 3.1.2; 3.1.3; 3.1.4; 8.1.1; 4.1.1; 13.1.1; 13.1.4; 13.1.5; 22.1.1; 10.1.2; 21.1.1; 21.1.2; 9.1.1; 9.1.4; 23.1.1; 23.1.2
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Bioterrorism mitigation--water	Vulnerability assessments are completed for all Iowa water utilities in conjunction with the Department of Natural Resources, U of I hygienic labs, Kirkwood Community College, Iowa Rural Water Association using surveys and guidance tools.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 11.1.4; 14.1.4; 14.1.6
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Flood Mitigation Assistance Program	The Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program helps states and communities identify and implement measures to reduce or eliminate the long-term risk of flood damage to homes and other structures insurable under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).	5.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 12.1.2; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 8.1.2; 4.1.1; 9.1.1; 9.1.4
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	This program helps states and communities implement long-term hazard mitigation measures following a major disaster declaration. The program's objectives are to prevent or reduce the loss of life and property from natural hazards, to implement state or local hazard mitigation plans.	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 5.1.2; 5.1.4; 5.1.5; 14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 2.1.1; 2.1.2; 2.1.3; 2.1.4; 2.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.5; 8.1.5; 19.1.2; 19.1.3; 19.1.4; 19.1.5; 11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 17.1.1; 17.1.4; 7.1.1; 7.1.2; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 10.1.4; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 14.1.1; 14.1.4; 14.1.5; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 15.1.3; 3.1.1; 3.1.2; 3.1.3; 3.1.4; 4.1.1; 13.1.1; 13.1.4; 13.1.5; 8.1.3; 8.1.4; 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 22.1.1; 8.1.1; 10.1.2; 21.1.1; 21.1.2; 9.1.1; 9.1.4; 23.1.1; 23.1.2

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Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Bioterrorism mitigation--food	Major effort is to familiarize food producers, distributors, retailers, restaurants, and food transport with the Federal Bioterrorism Act provisions. Works with DIA, Public Health, ISU, Iowa Hospitality Association. Checklists and security guidance are distributed	8.1.2; 8.1.5; 5.1.3; 14.1.1; 14.1.3; 14.1.5; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 11.1.4; 14.1.3
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Bioterrorism mitigation--agriculture	Guidance and security checklists in all categories of assets are developed and distributed. Work is done with IDALS, Farm Bureau, ISU, and USDA.	8.1.2; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 14.1.1; 14.1.3; 14.1.5; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 11.1.4; 14.1.3
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Public Assistance Program	Public Assistance consists of three basic components; emergency protective measures, permanent work, and mitigation. It must result from a disaster declaration, but Section 406 provides discretionary authority to fund mitigation measures in conjunction with the repair of damaged facilities. The mitigation measures must be related to eligible disaster-related damages and must directly reduce the potential of future, similar disaster damages to the eligible facility.	5.1.4; 14.1.2; 14.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 2.1.2; 2.1.4; 2.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.3; 8.1.4; 8.1.6; 19.1.4; 11.1.1; 11.1.3; 11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 17.1.1; 17.1.4; 7.1.1; 7.1.2; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 10.1.4; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 14.1.4; 14.1.5; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 15.1.3; 3.1.1; 3.1.4; 8.1.2; 4.1.1; 13.1.1; 22.1.1; 8.1.1; 8.1.3; 9.1.1; 9.1.4
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Radiological Emergency Response Plan	RERP involves training and full scale evaluated exercises each year on nuclear plants. It is a multi-hazard plan.	12.1.3; 12.1.5; 12.1.1; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 11.1.1; 11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.4; 8.1.1; 8.1.2
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		Community Emergency Response Team Program (CERT)	CERT is a Capitol Complex Program in which building security and monitors are instructed on how to effectively monitor buildings in the Capitol complex and to respond to situations involving fire suppression, medical triage, and light rescue.	6.1.1; 12.1.5; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 11.1.1; 11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 15.1.3; 22.1.4; 9.1.4
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division		State Homeland Security Grants Program II (SHSGP)	Funding from the Office of Domestic Preparedness (part of the Department of Homeland Security) comes through the Iowa Emergency Management Division and is disbursed to local governments throughout the state for purposes of planning, training, exercises, and purchase of equipment (such as communication and detection devices, personal protection, and decontamination equipment, and bomb mitigation equipment)	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.5; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 12.1.1; 8.1.3; 11.1.4; 17.1.1; 17.1.2; 17.1.4; 7.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 15.1.3; 13.1.1; 11.1.3; 22.1.1; 9.1.4
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Iowa Homeland Security and		Training programs	Training in both preparedness and mitigation in areas related to first responders, terrorism awareness,	8.1.3; 5.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 2.1.4; 12.1.3; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 8.1.1; 11.1.4; 15.1.3;

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Agency	Emergency Management Division			incident command (management structure that is used for chemical response), and hazardous materials awareness training. Training is done both in-house with IEMD personnel and in other state and local government agencies.	17.1.4; 7.1.2; 7.1.3; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 14.1.5; 1.1.3; 1.1.5; 15.1.3; 3.1.4; 4.1.5; 11.1.3; 22.1.4; 10.1.2; 9.1.4
U.S. Department of Commerce			Public Works and Economic Development Facilities Assistance	EDA will provide Public Works investments to support the construction or rehabilitation of essential public infrastructure and development facilities necessary to generate private sector jobs and investment, including investments that support technology-led development, redevelopment of brown field sites, and eco-industrial development.	6.1.2
U.S. Department of Commerce			Technical Assistance	EDA will provide technical assistance to explore economic development challenges, including job retention and creation.	
U.S. Department of Commerce			Economic Adjustment Assistance	EDA provides funding to: 1) address the immediate needs of businesses and communities presently undergoing transition due to a sudden and severe job loss; and 2) demonstrate new and proactive approaches for economic competitiveness and innovative capacity for threatened regions and communities	
U.S. Department of Commerce			Overview	Severe Weather; Forecast; Hydrologic; Winter Weather and Nonprecipitation; Climatological and Temperature-Precipitation; Miscellaneous	5.1.4; 7.1.1; 7.1.3
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			OED programs	OED programs address a wide range of economic and community development needs among the nation's individual communities, ranging from job retention and creation, to new investments in public facilities and infrastructure and the development of affordable housing.	2.1.5; 8.1.5; 19.1.5; 1.1.2; 1.1.6; 8.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			Economic Development Initiative (EDI)	EDI Provides grants to local governments to enhance both the security of loans guaranteed through the Section 108 Loan Program and the feasibility of the economic development and revitalization projects they finance.	22.1.1; 22.1.2
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			Brownfield's Economic Development Initiative (BEDI)	BEDI is designed to assist with the redevelopment of abandoned, idled and underused industrial and commercial facilities with expansion and redevelopment of real or perceived environmental contamination.	5.1.5; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 2.1.5; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.6; 7.1.1; 18.1.1; 10.1.3
U.S.			Rural Housing	Supports innovative housing and	5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.2;

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Department of Housing and Urban Development			and Economic Development	economic development activities in rural areas.	2.1.5; 8.1.2; 8.1.6; 19.1.5; 11.1.3; 17.1.1; 7.1.1; 7.1.4; 18.1.1; 1.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			Community Development Block Grant Programs - begun in 1974, the CDBG is one of the oldest programs in HUD. Entitlement Communities	The Entitlement Communities program provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled cities and counties to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment, and by expanding economic opportunities, principally for low- and moderate-income persons.	5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.2; 8.1.2; 8.1.6; 11.1.3; 17.1.1; 7.1.1; 7.1.4; 1.1.2; 3.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			State Administered CDBG	States participating in the CDBG Program award grants only to units of general local government that carry out development activities. Annually each State develops funding priorities and criteria for selecting projects.	5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 8.1.2; 8.1.6; 11.1.3; 17.1.1; 18.1.1; 3.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program	Economic Development Loans	5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.2; 17.1.1; 3.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			Disaster Relief and Recovery Assistance - Municipalities	HUD provides flexible grants to help cities, counties, and States recover from Presidentially declared disasters, especially in low-income areas, subject to availability of supplemental appropriations.	5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.2; 2.1.4; 2.1.5; 8.1.2; 19.1.5; 17.1.4; 7.1.1; 7.1.4; 1.1.2; 1.1.5; 3.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.3; 22.1.2; 22.1.4
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			Disaster Relief and Recovery Assistance - Homeowners	Mortgage insurance; rehabilitation mortgages; mortgage loans to replace destroyed housing;	5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.2; 1.1.2; 3.1.5; 8.1.3
U.S. Geological Service			Overview	The USGS provides maps, reports and information to help others meet their needs to manage, develop and protect America's water, energy, mineral and land resources. USGS helps find natural resources needed to build tomorrow and supply scientific understanding needed to help minimize or mitigate the environmental damage caused by human activities.	6.1.1; 6.1.3; 6.1.6; 18.1.2; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.4; 3.1.2; 13.1.1; 21.1.1; 21.1.2; 23.1.1
United States Army Corps of			Navigation	Supporting navigation by maintaining and improving channels was the Corps of Engineers' earliest Civil Works	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1;

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Engineers				mission, dating to Federal laws in 1824 authorizing the Corps to improve safety on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and several ports. Maintaining channels means keeping them at specified depths and widths by dredging and other means. Maintaining also means removing impediments, like logjams. Improving means making them deeper or wider.	9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			General Investigation Studies for Environmental Restoration	The Corps may undertake studies and build projects for environmental restoration and for water and related land resources problems and opportunities in response to directives, called authorizations, from the Congress. Congressional authorizations are contained in public laws, and in resolutions of either the House Public Works and Transportation Committee or the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee.	14.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 15.1.4; 14.1.4; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 3.1.1; 3.1.2; 4.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 13.1.2; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Flood Damage Reduction Studies & Projects	Flood damage reduction is one of the primary missions of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. As such, the Corps of Engineers may undertake studies and build projects to reduce and/or minimize flood damages. The Corps of Engineers may investigate flooding problems and opportunities in response to directives, called authorizations, from the Congress. Congressional authorizations are contained in public laws and in resolutions of either the House Public Works and Transportation Committee or the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee.	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 15.1.4; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.2; 8.1.4; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Section 205 "Small Projects" Section 205 of the 1948 Flood Control Act	As described above, a project is recommended for implementation only after a feasibility study clearly shows the engineering feasibility and economic justification of the improvement. Each project is limited to a Federal cost share of not more than \$7 million. This Federal limitation includes all project-related costs for feasibility studies, planning, engineering, construction, and supervision and administration.	14.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 15.1.4; 18.1.5; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 3.1.1; 3.1.2; 4.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 13.1.2; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Section 14 "Emergency Stream bank and Shoreline Protection" Section 14 of the 1946 Flood	Planning and design activities are combined into a Planning and Design Analysis (PDA) phase which is normally limited to 12 months. The first \$40,000 of PDA costs are at Federal expense and all costs over \$40,000 require a 35-percent local cost share as discussed below. Each project is limited to a total	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 4.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5

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			Control Act	Federal cost of \$1 million. This Federal limitation includes all project-related costs for planning, engineering, construction, and supervision and administration.	
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Section 208 "Clearing and Snagging of Waterways" Section 208 of the 1954 Flood Control Act	Planning and design activities are combined into a Planning and Design Analysis (PDA) phase that is normally limited to 12 months. The first \$40,000 of PDA costs are at Federal expense and all costs over \$40,000 require a 35-percent local cost share as discussed below. Each project is limited to a total Federal cost of \$500,000. This Federal limitation includes all project-related costs for planning, engineering, construction, and supervision and administration.	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Flood Plain Management Services	Land use adjustments based on proper planning and the employment of techniques for reducing flood damages provide a rational way to balance the advantages and disadvantages of human settlement on flood plains. These adjustments are the key to sound flood plain management.	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 1.1.1; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 4.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Planning Assistance to States	Every year, each State and Indian Tribe can provide the Corps of Engineers its request for studies under the program, and the Corps of Engineers then accommodates as many studies as possible within the funding allotment. Typical studies are only planning level of detail; they do not include detailed design for project construction. The studies generally involve the analysis of existing data for planning purposes, using standard engineering techniques, although some data collection is often necessary. Most studies become the basis for State or Tribal and local planning decisions.	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 18.1.1; 1.1.1; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 3.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Emergency Readiness and Response	PREPAREDNESS ASSISTANCE - The preparedness program allows the Corps of Engineers to undertake activities necessary to insure that a knowledgeable and experienced work force is always available to respond to natural disasters. The planning aspect includes development of an emergency management organization, planning, training, maintaining adequate supplies, and an inspection program for Federal and non-Federal flood control structures.	5.1.4; 14.1.2; 14.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 14.1.3; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 8.1.2; 4.1.2; 4.1.3; 4.1.5; 13.1.1; 13.1.3; 9.1.1; 9.1.4

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United States Army Corps of Engineers			Challenge 21	Informally known as Challenge 21, this watershed-based program focuses on identifying sustainable solutions to flooding problems by examining nonstructural solutions in flood-prone areas, while retaining traditional measures where appropriate.	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 4.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.2; 9.1.1; 9.1.3
United States Army Corps of Engineers			SECTION 1135 Projects (Project Modifications for Improvements to the Environment)	Provides authority for the Corps of Engineers to determine the need for project modifications in the structures and operations of Corps of Engineers projects for the purpose of improving the environment in the public interest.	14.1.2; 6.1.6; 12.1.2; 18.1.5; 1.1.2; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 3.1.2; 4.1.1; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 13.1.2; 8.1.4; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Environmental Restoration Projects in Connection with Dredging	Provides authority for the Corps of Engineers to restore, protect, and create aquatic and wetland habitats in connection with construction or maintenance dredging of an authorized project.	1.1.6; 4.1.2; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 13.1.2; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Army Corps of Engineers			Section 206 "Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration"	Projects will usually include manipulation of the hydrology in and along bodies of water, including wetlands and riparian areas. A project is adopted for construction only after a detailed investigation determines that the project will improve the quality of the environment and is in the best interest of the public, and clearly shows the engineering feasibility and economic justification of the improvement.	14.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 18.1.2; 1.1.1; 1.1.4; 1.1.6; 15.1.1; 4.1.1; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 13.1.2; 9.1.3; 9.1.5
United States Department of Agriculture			Conservation Reserve Program	CRP is a voluntary program that offers long-term rental payments and cost-share assistance to establish long-term, resource-conserving cover on environmentally sensitive cropland or, in some cases, marginal pastureland. The protective cover reduces soil erosion and improves water quality.	6.1.1; 1.1.4
United States Department of Agriculture			Environmental Quality Incentives Program	The Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) was reauthorized in the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (Farm Bill) to provide a voluntary conservation program for farmers and ranchers that promotes agricultural production and environmental quality as compatible national goals. EQIP offers financial and technical help to assist eligible participants install or implement structural and management practices on eligible agricultural land.	8.1.2; 8.1.4; 8.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 19.1.1; 18.1.2; 1.1.4; 13.1.1
United			Conservation	This technical assistance will offer	6.1.6; 18.1.2; 1.1.4; 13.1.1;

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States Department of Agriculture			of Private Grazing Land	opportunities for: better grazing land management; protecting soil from erosive wind and water; using more energy-efficient ways to produce food and fiber; conserving water; providing habitat for wildlife; sustaining forage and grazing plants; using plants to sequester greenhouse gases and increase soil organic matter; and using grazing lands as a source of biomass energy and raw materials for industrial products.	21.1.2
United States Department of Agriculture			Wetland Reserve Program (WRP)	The Wetlands Reserve Program is a voluntary program offering landowners the opportunity to protect, restore, and enhance wetlands on their property. The USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) provides technical and financial support to help landowners with their wetland restoration efforts.	6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 4.1.1; 13.1.1
United States Department of Agriculture			Wildlife Habitat Incentives Program	The Wildlife Habitat Incentives Program (WHIP) is a voluntary program for people who want to develop and improve wildlife habitat primarily on private land.	8.1.2; 8.1.4; 8.1.5; 6.1.2; 6.1.6
United States Department of Agriculture			Resource Conservation and Development Program	The purpose of the Resource Conservation and Development (RC&D) program is to accelerate the conservation, development and utilization of natural resources, improve the general level of economic activity, and to enhance the environment and standard of living in designated RC&D areas.	6.1.4; 6.1.6; 1.1.4; 13.1.1
United States Department of Agriculture			Conservation Technical Assistance	The Conservation Technical Assistance provides assistance to the state's landowners, farmers, communities, groups, and other agencies to help them protect and conserve the states' natural resources, including soil, water, and wildlife habitat.	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.3; 8.1.4; 8.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.6; 19.1.1; 18.1.2; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 14.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 4.1.1; 13.1.1; 21.1.1; 21.1.2
United States Department of Agriculture			Soil Survey	Soils information for public use. Builders, farmers, developers, environmentalists, and engineers are among those interested in soils data. Surveys are available in all 99 counties and in an electronic format. Soil surveys can be obtained by contacting the local Soil and Water Conservation District Office.	6.1.3; 19.1.1; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.3; 4.1.1; 21.1.1; 21.1.2; 23.1.1; 23.1.2
United States Department of			Small Watershed Program	Provide assistance to Federal, State, and local agencies and tribal governments to protect watersheds from damage caused by erosion, floodwater,	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 1.1.6; 4.1.4; 13.1.1; 21.1.1; 21.1.2; 9.1.1;

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
Agriculture				and sediment and to conserve and develop water and land resources.	9.1.3
United States Department of Agriculture			Farm and Ranch Land Protection Program	The Farm and Ranch Land Protection Program provides funds to help purchase development rights to keep productive farmland in agricultural uses.	6.1.2; 13.1.1
United States Department of Agriculture			Emergency Watershed Protection Program	Emergency watershed protection consists of measures to reduce hazards to life and property from floods, drought, and the products of excessive runoff or erosion on any watershed impaired by a natural occurrence.	5.1.4; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 12.1.4; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.4; 4.1.1; 4.1.4; 13.1.1; 13.1.5; 21.1.1; 21.1.2; 9.1.1; 9.1.3
United States Department of Agriculture			Emergency Conservation Program	Provides emergency funding for farmers and ranchers to rehabilitate farmland damaged by wind erosion, floods, hurricanes, or other natural disasters, and for carrying out emergency water conservation measures during periods of severe drought. Conservation problems existing prior to the disaster involved are not eligible for cost-sharing assistance.	8.1.3; 5.1.1; 5.1.4; 6.1.4; 6.1.2; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 12.1.3; 18.1.4; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 4.1.4; 13.1.1; 13.1.5
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Traffic Safety Improvement Program	Traffic safety improvements or studies on public roads under county, city, or state jurisdiction	6.1.6; 12.1.1; 12.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 1.1.6; 15.1.3; 3.1.1; 10.1.1; 10.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Federal-Aid Rail/Highway Crossing Safety Program	The Crossing Safety Program participates in the cost of safety improvements at rail/highway crossings. It is funded by the federal Highway Trust Fund. These funds are used to install new crossing signal devices, to upgrade existing signals, to improve crossing surfaces, and to provide low-cost improvements, such as increased sight distance, widened crossings, increased signal lens size, or crossing closures.	12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 15.1.3; 15.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		State Grade Crossing Safety Program	An annual \$700,000 appropriation from the Road Use Tax Fund is available to help railroads maintain crossing signals installed since 1973. This program provides funds for the maintenance of crossing signals. The funding is calculated based on the number of crossings each railroad maintains.	12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 15.1.3; 15.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		State Grade Crossing Surface Repair Program	Provides annual \$900,000 appropriation from the Road Use Tax Fund to assist railroad companies and highway jurisdictions repair rail/highway grade crossings. The Grade Crossing Surface Repair Fund will pay 60 percent of the cost of repairs, with the	12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 15.1.3; 15.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.4

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				responsible roadway jurisdiction and the railroad company each paying 20 percent.	
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Rail Assistance Program	This program is designed to enhance, restore, conserve or improve rail lines. Tracks are upgraded that have one train per day that serves places like grain elevators. The upgrading is designed for safety to avoid derailments.	1.1.6
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Rail Economic Development Program	Projects under this program usually involve rehabilitation or construction of spur tracks needed to serve a new industry or improvement of facilities at an existing industry. A total of 60 projects have been funded since the program began in 1986. Over \$5 million has spent on these projects.	
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Railroad Revolving Loan Program	The Rail Revolving Loan Program is a one-time funding of \$3.4 million to assist in "the restoration, conservation, improvement and construction of railroad main lines, branchlines, switching yards, sidings, rail connections, intermodal yards, highway grade separations, and other railroad-related improvements."	12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 15.1.3; 15.1.4; 10.1.1
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Intermodal Pilot Project	The Intermodal Pilot Project program was established to provide assistance to intermodal projects. The fund was established with \$725,000 for new intermodal transportation facilities or to improve, restore, conserve, repair, rehabilitate or expand existing intermodal transportation facilities.	12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 15.1.3; 15.1.4; 1.1.6; 10.1.1
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Operation Lifesaver	Operation Life Saver is an educational effort to improve safety at railroad crossings. Volunteers are trained and then make presentations to school and other groups about crossing safety.	12.1.3; 8.1.3; 15.1.2; 15.1.4; 10.1.1
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Hazardous Materials Awareness for First on the Scene Program	This training program is to educate members of the motor carrier industry, agricultural dealers of chemicals, petroleum marketers, and propane gas associations on hazardous materials awareness and regulations.	6.1.3; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 8.1.3; 8.1.4; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 18.1.3; 18.1.4; 10.1.2; 15.1.3; 10.1.3; 9.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Cargo Tank program	Similar to the Hazardous Materials Awareness for First on the Scene Program. This is both education about hazardous materials and instructions on regulations.	14.1.3; 6.1.3; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 8.1.3; 8.1.4; 8.1.5; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 7.1.2; 18.1.3; 18.1.4; 14.1.3; 15.1.3; 10.1.2; 10.1.3; 9.1.4
	IA Department of		Agriculture Industry Program	This is a training program on how hazardous materials are dealt with, especially fertilizers, herbicides, and	8.1.3; 6.1.3; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 8.1.3; 8.1.4; 8.1.5; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 7.1.2; 18.1.3; 10.1.2;

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Transportation (DOT)			pesticides.	10.1.4; 15.1.3; 9.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Infectious Substance and Regulated Medical Waste	This is a program for educating doctors, hospitals, and clinics on regulations and security issues.	14.1.3; 14.1.5; 6.1.3; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 18.1.3; 10.1.1; 14.1.3; 9.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Propane program	This is also a program for training and knowledge of regulations and security issues.	4.1.3; 12.1.6; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 15.1.4; 7.1.2; 18.1.3; 18.1.4; 10.1.2; 10.1.4; 9.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Post Incident Inspection Service	Information is gathered from hazardous materials incidents. The information is used for future prevention of incidents and also for technical assistance. Internal training classes and workshops, and annual refresher courses are developed using this information.	14.1.3; 12.1.1; 8.1.1; 8.1.3; 8.1.4; 8.1.5; 15.1.2; 11.1.1; 15.1.3; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 10.1.2; 12.1.2; 14.1.3;
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Hazardous Materials Awareness Program for first responders	The Office of Motor Vehicle Enforcement distributes the "Emergency Response Guide Book," to fire departments, law enforcement agencies, emergency medical services, and other emergency responders. This includes all state, local, EMS responders, and DOT groups.	14.1.3; 12.1.6; 12.1.2; 12.1.3; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 7.1.2; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 14.1.3; 1.1.3; 15.1.3; 10.1.3; 9.1.4
	IA Department of Transportation (DOT)		Highway Route Controlled Quantities (HRCQ) program	This is a program to train officers to inspect trucks carrying radioactive waste (spent fuels.). A total of \$29,840,894 was allocated to Iowa for Homeland Security in 2004.	12.1.2; 8.1.5; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 10.1.2; 10.1.3
	IDNR		Overview	The Water Quality Bureau is responsible for a diverse group of surface and groundwater programs. Many of the programs are based upon federal law administered by the US EPA. In these cases the federal government has delegated program responsibility to the DNR. In each case, permits and review of technical proposals are supplemented by assistance from staff to help local governments, businesses and individuals meet the requirements of state and federal law.	14.1.2; 14.1.6; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 8.1.2; 8.1.5; 15.1.4; 18.1.5; 14.1.6; 13.1.2
	IDNR		Emergency Response Unit	The Emergency Response Unit provides 24-hour technical assistance for response and remediation activities related to chemical spills and hazardous conditions. The Unit coordinates larger incidents in conjunction with field office staff. They also participate in the development of plans for regional	8.1.3; 5.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 11.1.4; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 18.1.4; 18.1.5; 1.1.5; 8.1.2; 22.1.4; 10.1.3; 9.1.4

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				response to emergencies, such as a spill on the Mississippi River.	
	IDNR		Water Supply Section	The Water Supply Section of the Iowa Department of Natural Resources regulates public drinking water supplies in Iowa according to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, under authority from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. A public water supply is defined in federal law as serving 25 or more people each day for at least 60 days out of the year, or having at least 15 connections. The purpose of the section is to ensure both the safety of the state's public drinking water supplies and the protection of the state's water resources.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 18.1.2; 18.1.5; 14.1.1; 14.1.6; 4.1.6; 13.1.1; 13.1.2; 13.1.3; 13.1.5; 11.1.4; 11.1.2
	IDNR		Waste Water Section	The Wastewater Section issues both construction and operation permits. Permits are required for the construction of any municipal and industrial treatment and collection facilities that discharge treated wastewater to a river or stream. This section also reviews and issues permits for wastewater reclamation projects and non-discharging animal feeding operations. Wastewater permits are required for small on-site wastewater disposal systems that commonly serve developments or small areas in the treatment of domestic wastewater. Some larger cities have accepted delegation of responsibility for the review of sewer extensions.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.4; 14.1.6; 6.1.6; 14.1.4; 14.1.6; 1.1.1; 1.1.6
	IDNR		Overview	The Water Resources Section has responsibilities for water quality and water quantity programs. Primary water quality responsibilities include setting state water quality standards, water quality monitoring and assessment, water quality modeling, providing state water quality certification for federal permits and licenses, and developing and implementing the state's nonpoint source pollution control program.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 18.1.5; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 14.1.3; 14.1.6; 1.1.1; 13.1.1; 13.1.2; 13.1.5; 21.1.1; 9.1.1; 23.1.1
	IDNR		Floodplain Management/ Dam Safety - Flood Plain Permitting	Approving building permits within 10 square mile rural watershed or 2 square mile urban watershed (regulation requires building at least one foot above the 100-year flood plain)	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 4.1.4; 4.1.5; 4.1.6; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.4; 9.1.5
	IDNR		Floodplain Management/ Dam Safety - Dam Safety	Dam inspection	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.4;

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
					9.1.5
	IDNR		Floodplain Management/ Dam Safety - National Flood Insurance Program Coordination	Coordination of NFIP with state requirements - Iowa has unique hybrid of federal and state requirements	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 4.1.1; 4.1.4; 4.1.6; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.4; 9.1.5
	IDNR		Floodplain Management - Flood Mitigation and Recovery & Repetitive Loss & Severe Repetitive Loss	Assists the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division and responding to flood disasters and ensuring communities meet State of Iowa and National Flood Insurance Program floodplain management regulations.	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.4; 9.1.5
	IDNR		Floodplain Management/ Dam Safety - Local Floodplain Programs	Works with communities and counties to develop and administer local floodplain management programs	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 4.1.4; 1.1.6; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.4; 9.1.5
	IDNR		Floodplain Management/ Dam Safety - Flood mitigation and Recovery	Assists the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the state's Division of Disaster Services in responding to flood disasters.	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.1.5; 1.1.6; 4.1.4; 1.1.6; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 9.1.4; 9.1.5
	IDNR		Water Quality Standards and Water Quality Monitoring Program	The Water Monitoring Section of the Iowa Department of Natural Resources- Geological Survey Bureau is responsible for the design, implementation and management of Iowa's Ambient Water Monitoring Program.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 14.1.1; 13.1.4
	IDNR		Water body Assessments (305(b) and 303(d)) - Impaired Waters	An assessment survey can be described as intense water monitoring with the sole purpose of determining the source of impairment, so that the appropriate measures can be taken to rid the water of its pollutant.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 12.1.1; 14.1.1
	IDNR		Non-point Source Pollution Management Program	Identifies the state's water resources, discusses the impacts nonpoint source pollution is having on these resources, and describes the programs currently being used to address Iowa's nonpoint source problems.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 12.1.1; 14.1.1
	IDNR		Wildlife Bureau	The INDR Wildlife Bureau monitors and manages wildlife populations to insure populations are sustainable and healthy. Programs include monitoring for Chronic Wasting Disease, Avian Influenza, and	8.1.2

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				other Foreign Animal Diseases.	
	IDNR		Forestry - Overview	The IDNR Forestry Bureau manages several programs geared towards the development and management of forested areas.	5.1.2; 6.1.4; 12.1.5; 19.1.1; 19.1.2; 15.1.3; 1.1.1; 3.1.1; 3.1.2
	IDNR		Parks - Overview	The IDNR Parks and Recreation Bureau develops and manages state parks preserves, and state public access areas and provides technical assistance to public entities developing and maintaining non-state lands. The bureau also administers several grants programs which provide funds for habitat and recreation development or land acquisition.	5.1.2; 5.1.5; 2.1.2; 2.1.5; 19.1.2; 19.1.5; 7.1.4
	IDNR		Forestry Wildland Fire	The IDNR Forestry Bureau manages several programs geared towards rural fire jurisdictions including; the Federal Excess Property Program (FEPP) which provides used equipment to local jurisdictions at little or no cost, the Rural Community Fire Protection Program which provides matching funds to fire departments for the purchase of equipment and training, and the dry hydrant program which provides funding, training, and support for the development of dry hydrant systems in areas not served by adequate water mains,	5.1.4; 12.1.5; 12.1.6; 8.1.5; 8.1.6; 11.1.4; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 18.1.5
	IDNR		TMDL and Water Quality Assessment Section	The impaired waters on Iowa's 303(d) list are candidates for the Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) process.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 14.1.1
	IDNR		Air Quality	The Air Quality Bureau manages several programs that regulate and assist the public with air quality. Air Quality Bureau does planning, rulemaking, issues construction and operating permits, and monitors air quality and emissions permitting and monitoring, and ambient air quality monitoring.	12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 8.1.1; 14.1.2
	IDNR		Underground Storage Tanks	IDNR Regulates the licensing and registration, installation and inspection, and closure and release monitoring and reporting of underground storage tanks. Persons conducting such activities must notify the IDNR and meet requirements designed to protect the public and the environment.	12.1.2; 8.1.2
	IDNR		Solid Waste	The IDNR Solid Waste Section is responsible for several programs that	12.1.2; 12.1.4; 8.1.4; 14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.4

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				regulate and license the disposal of solid waste, household hazardous waste, and recycling/reuse programs to ensure the protection of the public health and the environment.	
	IDNR		Law Enforcement Bureau	The IDNR Law Enforcement Bureau coordinates boater safety training courses and enforces and enforces Iowa's boating laws. The Bureau also inspects docks and other structures on Iowa waterways not under Federal jurisdiction.	10.1.4; 15.1.2
	IDNR		Fisheries Bureau	The IDNR Fisheries Bureau conducts fish tracking, monitoring, and sampling and investigates significant fish mortalities events. The Bureau is responsible for developing and managing Iowa's aquatic wildlife.	10.1.4
	IDNR		Energy Bureau	The IDNR Energy Bureau is responsible for tracking Iowa's energy consumption and supplies, historical trends and future forecasts. The IDNR tracks this data to ensure the state is knowledgeable in establishing policy and programs, and can prepare for potential energy emergency situations.	8.1.1; 8.1.2
	IDNR		GIS Mapping Data for Watershed Managers	Watershed Atlas provides a variety of interactive GIS data layers for watershed planning on all watersheds in Iowa.	20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.3
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Overview	The Division of Soil Conservation is responsible for state leadership in the protection and management of soil, water, and mineral resources, assisting soil and water conservation districts and private landowners to meet their agricultural and environmental protection needs.	8.1.1; 6.1.6; 12.1.1; 8.1.2; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.2; 4.1.1; 13.1.1; 21.1.1; 23.1.1
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Soil and Water Conservation Districts	Iowa's 100 Soil and Water Conservation Districts (SWCD) are responsible for carrying out soil conservation and water quality protection programs at the local level.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 19.1.1; 18.1.2; 18.1.5; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 14.1.6; 1.1.4; 4.1.1; 13.1.1; 21.1.1; 23.1.1
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Field Office Staff	The Division provides staff support to all 100 soil and water conservation districts (SWCDs) in Iowa. The efforts of these staff support the combined soil and water conservation mission of the SWCD, the State of Iowa, and the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS).	4.1.1

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Water Quality Protection Projects	Water quality protection projects protect the state's surface and groundwater resources from point and non-point sources of contamination.	14.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.6; 11.1.1; 18.1.2; 18.1.5; 14.1.6; 13.1.2
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Iowa Buffer Initiatives	Riparian buffers, grassed waterways, contour buffer strips, field borders and other buffers on private farmlands	6.1.4; 6.1.6; 1.1.4; 4.1.1; 4.1.4; 13.1.1
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Cooperative Soil Survey	Nationwide partnership of federal, regional, state, and local agencies, and institutions to develop, maintain, and apply reliable soil resource information.	8.1.1; 6.1.6; 19.1.1; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.2; 13.1.1; 21.1.1; 23.1.1
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		State soil conservation cost share	terraces, waterways, structures, basins, and other measures	6.1.1; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 19.1.1; 1.1.4; 4.1.1; 4.1.4; 13.1.1
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		No-interest loans	Alternative financial incentive for construction of permanent soil conservation practices	6.1.1; 6.1.2; 6.1.6; 19.1.1; 1.1.4; 4.1.1; 13.1.1
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Water Quality Protection Practices	The Resource Enhancement and Protection (REAP) program provides funding to the Division to work with soil and water conservation districts to address local water quality protection needs.	8.1.1; 14.1.1; 6.1.6; 11.1.1; 18.1.5; 13.1.1; 13.1.2
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Abandoned Mine Reclamation	The Division was granted primacy for its Abandoned Mined Lands (AML) Program in 1983 by the Secretary of Interior and works cooperatively with the U.S. Office of Surface Mining (OSM).	
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land		Coal Regulatory	Since 1977, the Division has permitted, bonded, inspected and enforced coal mining regulations in Iowa. Permits issued were required to provide an assessment of pre-mining conditions, an	

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Stewardship (IDALS)			operation plan for the mining phase, and a reclamation plan for restoration of the site and achievement of the intended post-mining land use.	
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Minerals	There are more than 1,100 registered mineral sites in Iowa, utilized by some 250 operators and 26 counties. Minerals extracted at these sites include: limestone, sand and gravel, gypsum and clay. The limestone industry alone produces over 25 million tons of stone each year for use in the construction industry.	
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Iowa Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program	The Iowa Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) is a major state/federal initiative to develop wetlands which are strategically located and designed to remove nitrate from tile-drainage water from cropland areas.	
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Iowa Watershed Protection Program	Background: Enacted in 1999, the Watershed Protection statute includes two elements: 1. Watershed Protection Program - to provide technical and financial assistance for the development of local watershed initiatives. 2. Watershed Task Force - to study the condition of watershed protection in Iowa.	14.1.6; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 14.1.6; 1.1.1; 4.1.1; 4.1.4; 13.1.1; 21.1.1; 9.1.1; 9.1.3; 23.1.1
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Agricultural Drainage Well Closure Assistance Program	Agricultural drainage wells were constructed in Iowa in the early 1900s to provide outlets for surface runoff and tile drainage water from cropland areas. Because agricultural drainage wells discharge the water directly to groundwater aquifers, they are potential routes for movement of contaminants to underground drinking water supplies.	14.1.1; 14.1.4; 14.1.6; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 12.1.1; 14.1.4; 14.1.6; 4.1.4
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Iowa Agricultural Drainage Well Research and Demonstration Project (Water Resources Bureau)	Research to develop improved in-field management of fertilizers and herbicides for areas draining to ADWs has been conducted by Iowa State University under contract with the Division. Practices have been developed through this research to achieve environmental needs, for those ADWs that will be continued in use. Based upon this research, the Iowa Department of Natural Resources has issued continued-use permits to most ADWs in Iowa. New nitrogen management practices are being developed which show promise of reducing nitrate movement from	8.1.1; 14.1.4; 14.1.6; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 12.1.1; 14.1.4; 14.1.6; 1.1.1; 4.1.4

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				<p>cropped lands by 25-50%. Monitoring of new-generation herbicides shows no movement of herbicide in tile drainage water which exceeds the drinking water limits.</p> <p>Additional research sites have been developed in Story County to develop technologies to utilize wetlands to remove nitrate and herbicides from tile drainage water. Strategically-located and designed wetlands will remove 40-90% of the nitrate and 90+% of the herbicide in tile drainage water from upper-lying croplands.</p>	
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Integrated Farm and Livestock Demonstration Project (Water Resources Bureau)	<p>In crop year 2001, more than 150 farm operators voluntarily participated in the program, which concentrates on management techniques in livestock and crop production systems. The sites are also being used to evaluate the economic costs and benefits of the demonstrated practices. This information will become an important component of field days and project reporting.</p> <p>Public information dissemination will be a principal element of this demonstration program to achieve technology transfer objectives.</p>	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.5
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Animal Industry Bureau (Consumer Protection and Animal Health Division)	<p>To protect, safeguard, and improve animal health among all livestock industries in Iowa through animal movement regulations, exhibition regulations, import regulations, and cooperative disease control/education campaigns.</p> <p>To cooperatively work with academia, industry groups, and others to eradicate/control infectious and contagious diseases of importance to animal agriculture in Iowa</p>	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.3; 8.1.5
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Dairy Products Control Bureau (Consumer Protection and Animal Health Division)		8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.5
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship		Meat and Poultry Inspection Bureau (Consumer Protection and	IDALS holds cooperative agreements with the USDA/Food Safety and Inspection Service to provide a meat and poultry inspection program that meets the "equal to" provisions in the federal meat and poultry inspection acts.	8.1.1; 14.1.2; 12.1.1; 12.1.4;

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	(IDALS)		Animal Health Division)	The dividing line between federal and state inspection is based on where the products will be distributed, as in interstate commerce and foreign export or intrastate commerce (Iowa only).	
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Weights and Measures (Consumer Protection and Animal Health Division)	To improve the accuracy of measurements, enhance consumer protection, promote fair competition, and facilitate economic growth and trade.	
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Dairy and Food Laboratory (Consumer Protection and Animal Health Division)	The Dairy Laboratory is responsible for the testing of finished dairy products that are produced in Iowa and testing the raw milk produced at the farm for antibiotic residues. This testing is performed in accordance with FDA regulations and procedures, the Grade A Pasteurized Milk Ordinance and Standard Methods for the Examination of Milk Products. The FDA certifies this laboratory to perform quantitative bacterial tests; chemical tests to determine if a product has been properly pasteurized; tests to find antibiotic residues and tests to determine abnormal milk. This lab also tests for butterfat content and added water in milk.	8.1.1; 14.1.2; 12.1.4;
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Mining Reclamation	State and Federal program to reclaim abandoned surface coal mines at no cost to landowner.	20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Feed and Fertilizer Bureau (Plant Management and Technology division)	The Feed Bureau is responsible for enforcing the Iowa Commercial Feed Law and for licensing all firms distributing or manufacturing animal feed products offered for sale in Iowa. The Bureau also reviews all feed product labels, including those for small pet food products, to ensure their accuracy before those products can be authorized for sale in Iowa.	8.1.1; 14.1.2; 14.1.4; 12.1.1; 12.1.4; 18.1.1; 14.1.4
	Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS)		Pesticide Bureau (Plant Management and Technology division)	The functional program areas addressed by the bureau are: Enforcement, Private and Commercial Pesticide Applicator Certification, Pesticide Product Registration, Licensing of Pesticide Dealers and Commercial Applicator Businesses, Groundwater Protection, Endangered	14.1.2; 14.1.4; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 8.1.4; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 14.1.4

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				Species Protection, and Worker Protection Outreach.	
	Iowa Department of Commerce		Inspection and Maintenance Plan	The inspection and maintenance plan requires periodic scheduled inspections for plan compliance by energy utilities. This involves enforcement of reliability rules on maintaining infrastructure. Funding is from assessments on utilities.	5.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.5; 19.1.2; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 17.1.2; 7.1.1; 7.1.3; 7.1.4; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 12.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.6; 3.1.5; 8.1.2; 8.1.3; 4.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2; 9.1.1
	Iowa Department of Commerce		Pipeline Safety Program	This program follows extensive federal regulation on maintenance of natural gas pipelines only. Integrity management rules form a study of potential impact along pipelines, especially in developed areas. Public information brochures related to safety on land restoration on pipeline construction sites are available for distribution.	12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.4; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 12.1.3; 3.1.1; 8.1.2; 22.1.1; 22.1.2; 9.1.1
	Iowa Department of Commerce		Nuclear power plant investigation / training	Various members of the Iowa Utilities Board attend nuclear power plant training exercises and also conduct investigations of incidents. The information from these investigations is used for training and workshops related to preventing/reducing risk of nuclear power plant incidents.	14.1.4; 12.1.3; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 12.1.6; 8.1.6; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 7.1.1; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.2; 10.1.3; 10.1.4; 14.1.4; 8.1.2; 22.1.1
	Iowa Department of Cultural Affairs (DCA)		Review and comment on any federal project that may have an impact on historic and cultural resources	SHPO has staff representing archaeology, history, architectural history, and preservation architecture; works in partnership with the Office of the State Archaeologist; working relationships with most federal agencies (~36)	1.1.6
	Iowa Department of Economic Development		Community Development Assistance - Water/Sewer Fund	About \$11 million in federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds is available to cities and counties on an annual competitive basis through the Water/Sewer Fund.	14.1.4; 6.1.4; 6.1.6; 14.1.4
	Iowa Department of Economic Development		Contingency Fund - Imminent Threat/ Special Opportunities	CDBG funds are also available for communities experiencing an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare that necessitates immediate corrective action sooner than can be accomplished through normal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) procedures or communities responding to an immediate community development opportunity that requires action sooner than can be accomplished through normal funding procedures.	8.1.3; 14.1.1; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 12.1.4; 8.1.4; 11.1.4; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 12.1.3

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Iowa Department of Elder Affairs		Nutrition Program	The nutrition program is designed to improve clients' health through improved nutritional intake. Emphasis is placed on serving older Iowans with the greatest social and economic need, the frail elderly, and on reducing isolation.	
	Iowa Department of Elder Affairs		Case Management Program for the Frail Elderly (CMPFE)	The CMPFE program is designed to prevent premature institutionalization of the elderly by arranging for appropriate services. It is administered by the Department of Elder Affairs and operated in all 99 counties by the Area Agencies on Aging. The program coordinates home and community based services for frail and vulnerable Iowans aged 60 and older.	17.1.1
	Iowa Department of Elder Affairs		Elder Abuse Public Awareness Campaign	This program focuses on public education and outreach. It includes development and dissemination of abuse prevention materials and press releases. Training modules are provided for mandatory reporters, law enforcement, general public, and financial institutions.	17.1.1; 17.1.3
	Iowa Department of Elder Affairs		Elder Abuse Initiative	This program provides enhanced prevention, detection, and reporting of abuse while also offering local advocacy and system coordination to ensure the protection of Iowa Seniors. The initiative includes a partnership with Area Agencies on Aging and the Department of Human Services.	17.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Chronic Renal Disease Program	The chronic renal disease program provides financial assistance to eligible persons with end-stage renal disease who require lifesaving kidney dialysis or kidney transplantation services. As payer of last resort, the program provides reimbursement for Medicare and health insurance premiums and pharmaceuticals including anti-rejection drugs which are not covered by any other assistance program or private insurance.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Biosecurity Council Program	Coordinates state effort to safeguard certain select biological agents used in research and medicine to prevent their release or use as a weapon of terrorism.	8.1.1; 14.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.3; 11.1.1; 11.1.2
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Cardiovascular Risk Reduction Program	The Cardiovascular Risk Reduction Program implements prevention strategies of Healthy Iowans 2010 to address leading causes of death in Iowa which are cardiovascular disease and stroke.	14.1.3; 14.1.3

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Patient Safety Program	Improve patient safety and health outcomes in Iowa by developing, implementing, and evaluating best practices based on system-wide research regarding barriers to safe care and strategies to improve safety. The financial and safety costs of medical errors to the health care system and to the public are significant. Statewide patient safety initiatives based on evidence-based practices offer potential for substantial savings.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Professional Licensure Program	Administer and enforce statutes and rules relating to the professions, review and act on applications for licensure, renewal, and reinstatement. Conduct examinations as applicable. Enforce the continuing education requirements, including reviewing continuing education applications. Perform disciplinary actions against applicants and licensees by investigating complaints, entering into settlement agreements, and conducting administrative hearings.	18.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Information Management Program	The Bureau of Information Management serves the department, the statewide public health community and the general public by implementing, maintaining, and supporting technology services. Services for the general public include access to public health information.	8.1.2; 8.1.5; 14.1.3; 6.1.3; 12.1.3; 17.1.3; 18.1.3; 10.1.1; 10.1.2; 12.1.2; 14.1.3; 3.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Child Passenger/Bicycle Safety Program	Provides automobile child safety seats, bicycle helmets, education and training to adults and children to prevent or minimize injuries related to automobiles and bicycles.	15.1.2
	Iowa Department of Public Health		DPH Emergency Operating Procedures and Homeland Security Program	Prepares appropriate annexes to the State Emergency Plan, prepare IDPH Emergency Plan; participates in Capitol Complex Security activities; interfaces with HLSEMD, DPS and other agencies in information sharing activities to prevent or reduce the risk of terrorism and other disasters.	8.1.3; 14.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.5; 12.1.2; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 18.1.1; 18.1.3; 14.1.2; 1.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		EMS Disaster Planning and Preparedness	Provides planning assistance, training, and resources for the state's emergency medical service and providers to adequately respond to disasters and terrorism.	8.1.3; 5.1.4; 14.1.1; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 2.1.1; 2.1.4; 12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.5; 8.1.5; 15.1.1; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 11.1.1; 11.1.4; 15.1.3; 17.1.1; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 1.1.1; 1.1.5; 15.1.3; 3.1.4; 8.1.2; 4.1.5; 8.1.3; 11.1.3; 22.1.4; 9.1.4
	Iowa		Abstinence	Education and health care to prevent	14.1.3; 14.1.3

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Department of Public Health		Education, Family Planning, Pregnancy Prevention, Sexually Transmitted Disease Program	unintended pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases (STD's).	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		AIDS/HIV, Prevention, and Surveillance Program	Monitors HIV/AIDS in Iowa and coordinates statewide HIV/AIDS prevention and care programs.	14.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Breastfeeding Promotion Program	Education to reduce infant susceptibility or exposure to health problems.	14.1.3; 17.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Child Death Review Team Program	Recommends to the legislature and the public, initiatives and changes that will reduce or prevent child deaths.	17.1.1; 17.1.3; 15.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Children With Special Health Care Needs Program	Provides screening services of physical examinations, vision and hearing screening, dental education and referral, health education, immunizations, developmental assessment, nutrition and psychosocial screening and laboratory tests including lead screening for children with special needs.	15.1.1; 17.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Dental/Oral Health Program	Programs for the prevention, early identification, referral, and treatment of oral disease.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Early Access Program	Coordinates health care, including prevention, for children 0-3 with disabilities	15.1.1; 17.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Early Hearing Detection & Intervention Program	Screens infants and toddlers for hearing loss during the critical period for language learning.	15.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Food Stamp Nutrition Education and Nutrition Services	Education and outreach to prevent malnutrition and hunger, and promote improved nutrition.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Genetics/Birth Defects Institute	Develops and administers policy with respect to the conduct of scientific investigations and research concerning the causes, prevention, treatment, and cure of birth defects.	17.1.1

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Health & Safety in Child Care Program	Promote health and safety in child care to prevent disease and injury.	14.1.3; 17.1.1; 17.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		EMS Education and Training Program	Provides and/or facilitates training for EMS providers. Maintains required records and documentation of such training.	5.1.4; 14.1.1; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 2.1.4; 12.1.1; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 8.1.1; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 11.1.4; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 1.1.1; 1.1.5; 15.1.3; 3.1.4; 4.1.5; 13.1.3; 8.1.3; 11.1.3; 22.1.4; 10.1.3; 9.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Health		EMS Provider Authorization/Certification Program	Ensures that EMS providers are properly trained, and operate only within the specific parameters of their authorization.	8.1.3; 5.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 12.1.5; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 11.1.4; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.5; 15.1.3; 3.1.4; 4.1.5; 8.1.3; 22.1.4; 9.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Home Care Aide Program	Provides protective services to adults and children at risk of abuse or neglect in home-based care settings.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		HOPES/HFI Program	Provides support services to families during the prenatal period and through their children's preschool years. Services delivered through this program are designed to promote optimal child development, improve family coping skills and functions, promote positive parenting skills and family interactions, and prevent abuse and neglect of children through home visits.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Immunization Program	Reduces and ultimately eliminates the incidence of vaccine preventable diseases by achieving and maintaining high vaccination coverage levels; improving vaccination strategies among under vaccinated populations; prompt reporting and thorough investigation of suspected cases and rapid implementation of disease control measures.	8.1.1; 14.1.5; 2.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Maternal and Child Health Program	Provides prenatal and postpartum care to Medicaid eligible and other low-income women.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Newborn Screening Program	Identifies babies who may have a metabolic disorder and alerts the baby's health care provider to the need for further testing and special care.	15.1.1
	Iowa Department		OB Indigent Care:	Provides health services, including prevention, to qualified women during	

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	of Public Health		Prenatal Care Program	pregnancy and delivery.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Public Health Nursing Program	Prevention services include screening and assessment for hypertension, cholesterol, diabetes, cancer, scoliosis, tuberculosis, head lice, vision, hearing, mental health, fitness testing, physical assessments, worksite and school testing, immunizations, fall prevention, family planning and foot care clinics.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		EMS System Development Program	As the lead agency for EMS, the IDPH Bureau of EMS provides leadership and resources to promote and protect the health of Iowans through prevention, acute care, and rehabilitation of the ill and injured.	8.1.3; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 2.1.4; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 15.1.3; 3.1.2; 3.1.4; 4.1.5; 8.1.3; 11.1.3; 22.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Iowa Infant Mortality Prevention Center	The Center was established in 1991 to respond to high infant mortality rates in the nine most impoverished census tracts in the city of Des Moines. The Center uses a systematic process to identify the factors leading to infant mortality. Infant deaths in Des Moines are reviewed to determine preventability.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Tuberculosis Program	Performs TB surveillance and prevention activities.	14.1.5
	Iowa Department of Public Health		FACE (Fatality Assessment and Control Evaluation)	The Medical Examiner's Office works with FACE, a federal program that concentrates on investigations of fatal occupational injuries. The goal of the FACE program is to prevent occupational fatalities across the nation by identifying and investigating work situations at high risk for injury and then formulating and disseminating prevention strategies to those who can intervene in the workplace.	17.1.1; 15.1.2
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) Nutrition Program	Serves pregnant and postpartum women and children under the age of 5. WIC provides nutritious foods, nutrition education, and referrals to other health care agencies.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Women's Health Program	Provides education to reduce susceptibility or exposure to health problems related to gender.	14.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Funeral Establishment/ Crematorium Inspection	The IDPH contracts with local environmental health programs to provide inspection services for places where human bodies are prepared for	5.1.5; 12.1.2; 8.1.4; 18.1.1

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
			Program	burial or cremated. Enforcement lies with the Board of Mortuary Sciences.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Bioterrorism Surveillance and Epidemiology Program	This program is designed to assess and build epidemiology infrastructure capacity, such as with smallpox and anthrax. This is also used for decision making and public awareness. Funded by the Center for Disease Control.	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.5; 14.1.2; 14.1.3; 14.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.3; 12.1.4; 12.1.2; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 14.1.3; 10.1.2
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Hazardous Waste Site Health Assessment Program	Program staff help identify and assess potential public health threats posed at hazardous waste sites. EPA data are used to identify population in proximity to sites, and levels of contamination to determine health risk.	14.1.2; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 11.1.1; 10.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Healthy Families Phone Line	Provides information on maternal, child, and family planning services.	14.1.3; 17.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Hepatitis Program	Prevention activities include education, targeted testing, administration of hepatitis A and B vaccines, and referrals.	14.1.3; 14.1.5; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Infectious Disease Surveillance Program	This program monitors 40+ infectious diseases which all have public health impacts. Information gathered is used for decision making and for public education and awareness.	8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.5; 14.1.2; 12.1.3;
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Injury Prevention Program	Includes the occupant restraint, "Love Our Kids" and bicycle safety programs.	15.1.2; 7.1.2
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Iowa Consumer Product Safety Program	This program educates the public on various consumer product safety issues. It also makes sure that certain recalled items are removed from store shelves, and conduct undercover inspections to ensure compliance of voluntary or mandatory safety standards for consumer products. It is funded through the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission.	14.1.3; 12.1.1; 12.1.3; 18.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Health Alert Network Program	Develops a redundant and wide ranging multi-faceted system to notify local and state public health, hospital, state agency, law enforcement, and emergency management of bioterrorism, other outbreaks of infectious disease, and other public health threats and emergencies.	8.1.2; 8.1.3; 8.1.5; 14.1.5; 6.1.3; 12.1.1; 12.1.3; 19.1.1; 11.1.1; 11.1.4; 17.1.1; 17.1.4; 18.1.4; 18.1.5; 13.1.3; 10.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Iowa Disaster Medical Assistance Teams	The mission of the volunteer Iowa Disaster Medical Assistance Teams are to provide medical care and public health services to disaster/terrorism	8.1.3; 14.1.5; 6.1.5; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 19.1.1; 10.1.4; 1.1.1; 1.1.5; 13.1.3

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
			program	victims and supplement and support disrupted or overburdened local medical/public health personnel and resources at or near the disaster site during the first 24-72 hours of the incident when requested.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Iowa Health FOCUS	Iowa Health FOCUS is a newsletter that intends health care practitioners as its audience. The newsletter functions as a tool for public education and awareness on current public health issues such as SARS, monkey pox, West Nile Virus.	14.1.3; 12.1.3; 17.1.3; 10.1.2; 14.1.3; 13.1.3;
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Mass fatality program	This program involves performing autopsies. The information is used to diagnose disease, help identify patterns of fatalities, and can lead to helpful legislation designed to prevent or lessen mass fatalities. The information can also help education/awareness efforts.	14.1.1; 15.1.2
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Pandemic Influenza Planning and Preparedness Program	Develops plans to prevent, control, and recover from a major influenza epidemic.	8.1.1; 14.1.5; 11.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Permits to Practice	This is a regulatory program to enforce the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Code. The major emphasis is the credentialing of approximately 3,000 persons who perform as diagnostic radiographers, nuclear medicine technologists, and radiation therapists.	12.1.4; 12.1.5
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Pesticide Exposure Surveillance Program	This program is supported by federal funds from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The surveillance program keeps a record of people exposed to pesticides. The goal is to reduce statewide morbidity and mortality experienced by employees, emergency responders, and the general public due to the release of pesticides.	14.1.3; 12.1.1; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Public education / awareness programs	Education/awareness programs include drug awareness, ATV (four-wheeler accidents), following manufacturer's guidelines on consumer products, use of seat belts, child-death review teams (such as SIDS), gun safety in the home (such as promoting gun locks), farm safety, and suicide prevention.	5.1.3; 14.1.3; 6.1.3; 12.1.3; 17.1.3; 7.1.2; 18.1.3; 10.1.2; 12.1.2; 14.1.3; 15.1.2; 3.1.3; 4.1.3;; 9.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		EMS for Children Program	To improve the level of pediatric emergency care, including prevention of further injuries, through protocols, standards, education, and training.	5.1.4; 6.1.5; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 8.1.1; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 17.1.1; 10.1.3
	Iowa		Public Health	Provides a statewide, effective, and	8.1.1; 8.1.3; 14.1.1; 14.1.2;

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Department of Public Health		and Healthcare Disaster Preparedness Program	sustainable program of public health, hospital, and EMS disaster and/or terrorism services across organizational boundaries of all stakeholders that is fully integrated into Iowa's Homeland Security and Emergency Response Plan.	14.1.5; 6.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 19.1.1; 11.1.1; 11.1.2; 11.1.4; 17.1.1; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 1.1.1; 1.1.5; 13.1.3; 8.1.3; 9.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Publications Assistance Service	Most bureaus of the Iowa Department of Public Health put out publications on various aspects of disease prevention and risk reduction. The Publications Assistance Service serves as a service agency for the other divisions for developing these publications.	8.1.2; 8.1.5; 14.1.3; 12.1.3; 17.1.3; 10.1.2; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Regulatory program	This program regulates substance abuse programs. This involves licensure, review of programs, and investigation/ resolution of complaints.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		School and Adolescent Health Program	Places health care providers in or near schools to target, among other things, acute and chronic health problems, parenting, pregnancy, severe emotional, behavioral and mental disorders, suicide tendencies and substance use/abuse.	14.1.3; 14.1.5; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention	This program works to reduce the prevalence of childhood lead poisoning in Iowa through the following activities: (1) testing to identify lead-poisoned children; (2) providing medical and environmental case management to children identified as lead-poisoned; (3) providing education and outreach regarding childhood lead poisoning in communities;	14.1.3; 12.1.5; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Lead Professional Certification Program	The Lead Certification Program requires training and certification of lead professionals, including lead inspectors, elevated blood lead inspectors, visual risk assessors, lead abatement contractors, and lead abatement workers.	14.1.2; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.5;
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Water Treatment System Registration Program	The Water Treatment System Registration Program is responsible for: (1) confirming that water treatment systems sold in Iowa with claims to treat health-related parameters have appropriate third-party verification of the claims (such as from Underwriter's Laboratory and National Sanitation Foundation);	14.1.2; 12.1.1; 11.1.1; 18.1.2; 1.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Swimming Pool/Spa Program	The Swimming Pool/Spa Program is responsible for: (1) registering all regulated swimming pools and spas in Iowa; (2) providing technical support,	12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				training, and general oversight to local agencies that have been delegated the responsibility for inspection of pool/spa facilities and enforcement of the rules;	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Grade "A" Milk Certification Program	This program certifies that all grade "A" milk and mild products are produced, transported, processed, sampled, quality tested and labeled in accordance with State of Iowa requirements and the U.S. Public Health Service/Food and Drug Administration program of the National Conference on Interstate Milk Shippers.	8.1.1; 14.1.2; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4;
	Iowa Department of Public Health		PCB (Polychlorinated Biphenyls) Program	The Iowa Department of Public Health performs PCB inspections under a grant agreement with EPA, Region 7, Kansas City, Kansas office. This is because exposure to PCB's can damage the skin, eyes, lungs and can even cause cancer. Pre-1977 products, which are still in the environment, may contain PCB. These include power transformers, fluorescent light fixtures, oil-filled electrical devices, old appliances with PCB capacitors, and hydraulic fluids.	14.1.2; 12.1.2; 12.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Radon Program	The Radon Program certifies radon testers and laboratories, approves credentials for mitigators that are inspected annually, and supplies information on radon the public.	12.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 10.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Smallpox Planning and Preparedness Program	Developed pre-event smallpox plan and vaccinated core group of public health and health care workers to respond to a case or outbreak of smallpox in the state. Developed a post event smallpox plan to vaccinate a portion or all of Iowa in the event smallpox is detected within the state.	8.1.1; 14.1.5; 11.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Hazardous Substances Emergency Events Surveillance System (HSEESS) Program	The HSEESS program is an on-going, state-based surveillance program funded by the federal Agency For Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR). The system's purpose is to describe the public health consequences associated with the release of hazardous substances and to reduce morbidity and mortality resulting from these releases.	14.1.2; 14.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 8.1.4; 11.1.1; 11.1.4; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 10.1.1; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 1.1.5; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 3.1.4; 4.1.5; 22.1.4; 10.1.3; 9.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Health		SPRAINS (Sentinel Project Researching Agricultural	Reporting of all injuries incurred on a farm, by any farmer, farm worker, farm family member, or other individual or off the farm injuries related to producing, transporting, handling, processing, or	15.1.2; 17.1.1

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			Injuries) Program	warehousing farm commodities.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		State and National Disease Reporting Program	Local public health and health care practitioners must report certain diseases to the department. The department must report certain diseases to the federal government. Helps ensure proper care and treatment and minimize transmission.	8.1.1; 14.1.5; 12.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		State of Iowa Toxicology Program	The Toxicology Program includes addressing any specific public health questions that may arise, such as on mercury dental amalgam, soy, hog lots, pressure treated lumber. The program assists the Iowa Poison Control Center on technical questions and the Department of Natural Resources to establish protective levels.	14.1.3; 12.1.1; 12.1.5; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Statewide Trauma System Program	To match patients' needs to the existing medical resources through appropriate selection and use of care facility or hospital; trauma system evaluation and trauma registry.	12.1.5; 8.1.5
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Mammography Program	The Mammography Program requires that mammography facilities are inspected annually to assure compliance with Iowa rules and the MQSA. Through this program, Iowa functions as both an accrediting and certifying body in mammography.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Strategic National Stockpile Program	Provides a statewide, effective plan and operational procedures to ensure Iowa is prepared to receive and distribute the assets of the Strategic National Stockpile and ensure integration into Iowa's Homeland Security and Emergency Plan.	13.1.2; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 8.1.4; 11.1.4; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 14.1.2
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Radioactive Materials	All radioactive materials used in Iowa are regulated. Staff of the Bureau license and inspect approximately 215 radioactive material licenses.	12.1.1; 12.1.4; 15.1.1; 10.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Tanning Facilities	The program staff registers and routinely inspects approximately 1,170 tanning facilities.	5.1.5; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 10.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Healthy Iowans 2010	Healthy Iowans 2010 is a planning effort to prevent or reduce risks of diseases/epidemics. About 500 public health personnel from hospitals, clinics, non-profit groups, and universities participated.	8.1.1; 14.1.1; 12.1.1; 12.1.5; 10.1.3; 14.1.1; 13.1.3
	Iowa Department		Tattoo program	The Tattoo Program regulates tattoo establishments in the following ways: (1)	

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	of Public Health			permit requirements for tattoo artists and tattoo establishments; (2) minimum safety and sanitation standards for the operation of tattooing establishments; (3) annual inspections of tattoo establishments and inspection fees; and (4) prohibition on tattooing of minors (under age 18).	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Teen Line Program	Confidential information on a variety of teen health issues, including relationships, substance use, sex, STD's, pregnancy, and stress.	14.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Ten Essential Services of Public Health	This service trains public health professionals in many areas, but also including prevention and risk reduction of diseases and other public health concerns, issues, and problems.	8.1.2; 8.1.5; 14.1.5; 12.1.3; 12.1.2; 13.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Risk Communication Service	This service organizes and delivers training classes for public health professionals on how to communicate with the public prior to and during emergency/disaster situations. It is funded with Focus Area funds (Focus Area F--Risk Communications) from the Center For Disease Control.	13.1.5; 12.1.3; 12.1.2; 18.1.3; 18.1.4; 14.1.5
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Breast and Cervical Cancer Program	This program is designed primarily for breast and cervical cancer screening/prevention for low income women. The program is federally funded.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Wise Woman program	This is a research project in which the results are used for screening and prevention of cardiovascular disorders in low income women. The program is also federally funded.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Comprehensive Cancer Control program	This program is operated through a federal planning grant to gather and analyze information on high cancer rates. This information is used to develop prevention plans and programs.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Iowa Arthritis Program	The Iowa Arthritis Program was established in 1999 to reduce the impact of arthritis and improve the quality of life of Iowans affected by arthritis. Elements of the program include: (1) the Iowa Arthritis Task Force, which advises the program and assists in the implementation of program activities; and	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Brain Injury Program	The Brain Injury Program is operated by the Advisory Council on Brain Injuries. The mission of the Council is to (1) study the needs of individuals with brain	

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
				injury and their families; (2) make recommendations regarding the planning, development, and administration of a comprehensive statewide service delivery system; and (3) to promote and implement injury prevention strategies.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Asthma Control Program	The Asthma Control Program is intended to help reduce the burden of asthma in Iowa by planning and operating the program based on scientific/sound evidence, health behavior models, and effective management and education strategies.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Violence Prevention	The Violence Prevention Program encompasses specific initiatives intended to reduce or minimize the impact of violence on people in Iowa. Program staff collaborate with other departments, programs, and health care organizations to develop policies, protocols, and educational resources for violence-related issues.	11.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Diabetes Program	This program operates from a planning grant from CDC. The program is primarily used to identify high risk populations and to determine preventive strategies.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Disability Prevention Program	This program operates from a planning and educational grant from CDC. The program is used to identify high risk issues and develop plans, especially for arthritis, and exercise programs.	14.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Disability Grant Program	This CDC funded program is designed as an intervention program for people with physical disabilities. Exercise programs are also developed.	17.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Domestic Violence Program	The Domestic Violence Program works with doctors, nurses, and hospitals in developing and using intervention and prevention strategies in helping individual victims of domestic violence.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		West Nile and Other Mosquito Borne Viruses Planning and Preparedness Program	Tracks all reports of mosquito borne illness in birds, horses and other mammals, and humans. Provides education to health care professionals and the public on disease avoidance and protection.	8.1.2; 8.1.5; 14.1.3; 14.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Health		X-Ray Machines	There are currently 6,630 x-ray machines in Iowa. Staff of the bureau routinely conducts in-depth inspections of these devices located in healing arts	12.1.1; 12.1.4; 12.1.5; 10.1.1; 10.1.3

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				and industrial institutions.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Domestic Abuse Death Review	The Domestic Abuse Death Review Team identifies causes and manner of deaths resulting from domestic abuse in Iowa. Cases of homicide and suicide resulting from domestic violence are reviewed.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Sexual Assault/Rape Prevention Program	This program offers resources for local sexual violence prevention activities. The program emphasizes community-coordinated efforts.	
	Iowa Department of Public Health		Tobacco Use Prevention and Control Program	The purpose of this program is to reduce tobacco use by youth and pregnant women, promote compliance by minors and retailers with tobacco sales laws and ordinances, and enhance the capacity of youth to make healthy choices. The program has 63 community partnerships in Iowa	
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		911 telephone system	The 911 telephone system is both a wired and wireless system. It is designed as a multi-hazard approach to help reduce road hazards, terrorism threats, grass fire, public disorders, and communications failures.	5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 12.1.3; 8.1.5; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 15.1.1; 11.1.4; 17.1.3; 7.1.1; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 18.1.5; 1.1.5; 3.1.1; 3.1.2; 3.1.3; 3.1.4; 8.1.3; 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 22.1.3; 22.1.4; 8.1.2; 10.1.3; 21.1.2; 9.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Law Enforcement Assistance	This system is located in six communities and includes 28 tower sites. It is for use by Public Safety, DOT enforcement, Public Health, DNR, local sheriffs, federal enforcement agencies, Iowa National Guard, all state law enforcement agencies, and railroads.	5.1.4; 6.1.5; 12.1.3; 8.1.5; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 15.1.3; 11.1.4; 17.1.3; 7.1.3; 18.1.4; 18.1.5; 3.1.2; 3.1.4; 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 22.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Drug Enforcement/Intelligence	The Division of Narcotics Enforcement focuses closely on gathering intelligence for purposes of enforcing drug laws and preventing terrorist incidents connected with money raised through illegal drug trafficking. Prevention is directed toward all forms of terrorism, i.e., conventional, cyber, radiological, etc.	11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 12.1.3; 3.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		511 Traffic Information	The 511 Traffic Information System works primarily during the winter months as a weather and road warning system for citizens to contact for road conditions. The system can be activated at other times of the year if severe weather warrants it and road condition information is necessary for the public.	5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.2; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 19.1.3; 19.1.4; 15.1.1; 11.1.4; 15.1.2; 17.1.2; 17.1.3; 7.1.1; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 18.1.4; 18.1.5; 1.1.5; 3.1.1; 3.1.2; 3.1.3; 3.1.4; 22.1.3; 22.1.4

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Iowa Law Enforcement Intelligence Network	LEIN trains officers on all aspects of intelligence. As they proceed with intelligence gathering, the information is used to identify trends to prevent criminal activity, including terrorism. LEIN works with the FBI and the Joint Terrorism Task Force.	12.1.5; 12.1.3; 11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.5; 3.1.2; 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 22.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Mid-States Organized Crime Information Center program	This program is connected with RISS (the Regional Information Systems) which is a national system with a secure means in which law enforcement can exchange and submit information on crime, including terrorism.	11.1.4; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.5; 12.1.3; 11.1.2; 11.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Safety Education	One of the services of the Iowa State Patrol is the presentation of programs on law enforcement related subjects. Officers present programs to schools, civic clubs, youth and fraternal organizations, businesses, and others who are interested in learning more about law enforcement, traffic safety, and crime prevention.	8.1.2; 8.1.5; 5.1.3; 12.1.2; 15.1.2; 15.1.3; 17.1.3; 18.1.3; 10.1.2; 12.1.1; 1.1.3; 3.1.3; 4.1.3; 13.1.3; 11.1.3; 22.1.3; 9.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Inspections	The State Fire Marshall's Office carries out inspections of structures such as nursing homes, hospitals, assisted living facilities, schools, preschools, day care centers, above ground flammable liquid tanks, LP installations and apartment buildings with 3+ apartments (usually on a complaint basis, not routine). The inspections are designed to prevent fires or explosions from occurring.	8.1.4; 5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.4; 2.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.6; 12.1.3; 8.1.2; 8.1.6; 19.1.2; 15.1.2; 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 15.1.1; 15.1.4; 17.1.2; 7.1.1; 7.1.4; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.6; 3.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.3; 4.1.1; 13.1.1; 8.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2; 9.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Building Code reviews	The Building Code Bureau reviews plans for new construction and remodeling of public buildings, especially in relation to the fire code.	8.1.4; 5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.4; 2.1.5; 12.1.1; 12.1.2; 12.1.6; 8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.6; 19.1.2; 19.1.5; 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 15.1.1; 15.1.2; 15.1.4; 17.1.2; 7.1.1; 7.1.4; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 20.1.1; 20.1.2; 20.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.6; 3.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.3; 4.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2; 21.1.1; 9.1.1; 23.1.1
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Firefighting training program	The Training Bureau performs many training sessions for firefighters from local jurisdictions. Training covers all areas, including fire, hazardous materials, weapons of mass destruction. The training is for both response and prevention functions.	8.1.3; 5.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 12.1.5; 12.1.3; 8.1.1; 8.1.2; 8.1.5; 8.1.6; 11.1.3; 11.1.4; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.5; 15.1.3; 3.1.4; 4.1.5; 8.1.3; 22.1.4; 9.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Private Investigation Private Security Agency	This program licenses agencies in the private security industry, i.e., PerMar, Connelly Security Group etc. Part of the licensing includes criminal history checks and issuing identification cards	5.1.4; 6.1.4; 12.1.5; 8.1.1; 8.1.5; 12.1.1; 10.1.1

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			Licensing Program	for employees of private security agencies and private investigators.	
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Iowa On-Line Warrants and Articles (IOWA) Criminal Justice Information System	The IOWA system is a computer network that provides access to a wide variety of information to police departments, sheriff's offices, and other city, county, state, and federal criminal justice agencies throughout Iowa.	6.1.5; 7.1.3; 18.1.1; 3.1.4; 4.1.3; 11.1.4; 11.1.2; 11.1.3
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Basic Academy Training Program	The Basic Academy prepares academy recruits for responsibilities as peace officers. The Academy is held at least annually for new and veteran officers with periodic training sessions at various times of the year. Many topics are covered that trains officers for prevention and risk reduction activities.	8.1.3; 5.1.4; 14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 12.1.5; 8.1.5; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 7.1.3; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.5; 15.1.3; 3.1.4; 4.1.5; 22.1.4; 9.1.4
	Iowa Department of Public Safety		Homeland Security Training program	The focus of this training is on terrorism and public disorders. The training is based in the Iowa Department of Public Safety, and other agencies are routinely invited to participate.	8.1.3; 6.1.4; 6.1.5; 12.1.5; 8.1.5; 15.1.1; 11.1.4; 15.1.3; 17.1.4; 18.1.4; 10.1.4; 12.1.3; 15.1.3; 3.1.4 11.1.2; 11.1.3; 22.1.3; 22.1.4; 9.1.4
		American Red Cross	Flood Mitigation Procedures During Time of Response Program	This program provides information on safe rooms, water heaters, and furnaces. There are programs for children on practicing tornado and earthquake drills.	5.1.1; 6.1.4; 6.1.3; 12.1.2; 18.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 15.1.2; 3.1.3; 4.1.3; 13.1.3
		American Red Cross	Community Disaster Education Program	This program uses Americorps volunteers to talk in schools, community organizations, churches, and fire stations to help people prepare, respond to, and recover from disasters. The volunteers usually work with senior citizens, religious organizations, and a variety of neighborhood groups.	8.1.2; 8.1.5; 5.1.3; 2.1.3; 12.1.3; 15.1.2; 18.1.1; 18.1.3; 12.1.2; 1.1.3; 3.1.3; 4.1.3; 22.1.3; 10.1.2
		American Red Cross	Shelter Inspections	Mass care shelters are inspected with information gathered on general facility operation, utilities, accessibility for people with disabilities, food preparation, feeding area, laundry facilities, and health services.	8.1.4; 5.1.1; 5.1.2; 5.1.5; 6.1.4; 2.1.5; 8.1.2; 8.1.6; 19.1.2; 19.1.5; 11.1.3; 7.1.1; 7.1.4; 18.1.1; 10.1.1; 10.1.3; 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.6; 3.1.1; 3.1.5; 8.1.3; 4.1.1; 8.1.1; 22.1.1; 22.1.2; 9.1.1
		Iowa Association of Municipal Utilities	Storm water Program	IAMU provides assistance to municipalities in Iowa that are required to comply with EPA's Phase II NPDS regulations. Resources include workshops, training sessions, and an annual meeting to address issues identified as priorities by storm water managers. Resources are being placed on IAMU's website and newsletter.	6.1.1; 6.1.4; 1.1.1; 1.1.3; 13.1.1

Federal Agency	State Agency	Nonprofit Agency	Program	Program Overview	Capability to Supported Objective
		Iowa Association of Municipal Utilities	Job Training and Safety	The IAMU Job Training and Safety group offers employee safety and health training to IAMU members across the state. Courses focus on recognition and control of a wide variety of workplace hazards.	14.1.5; 6.1.4; 6.1.3; 6.1.5; 7.1.2; 18.1.4; 3.1.3; 4.1.5
		Iowa Association of Municipal Utilities	Mutual Aid Program	IAMU members participate in the Association's Mutual Aid Program by providing disaster assistance to any member community in need of emergency support. Participating IAMU electric, gas, and telecommunication utilities stand ready with backup equipment, materials and personnel to ensure the continuation of service to customers during the most adverse conditions.	6.1.1; 1.1.5; 15.1.3; 8.1.1; 8.1.2; 22.1.4; 9.1.4
		Wallace House Foundation		WHF facilitates watershed outreach and engagement, and provides resources and training to local partner organizations to staff and facilitate watershed engagement, education, and planning. WHF has developed program models that address land use and comprehensive planning, watershed management, local food systems and agriculture, and hazard mitigation planning.	